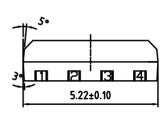


# GS302 Programmable Linear Hall-Effect IC

- GaAs + Si Hybrid Programmable Linear Hall-Effect IC
- Single power supply: VDD 3V ~ 5.5V
- Analog Fixed or Ratiometric Output
- Wide ambient Temperature Range: Ta -40°C ~ 125°C
- Quick response for magnetic field with wide bandwidth
- Programmable via One Wire Interface at Vout Pin

# **Output Characteristics**



引脚编号	引脚名称			
Pinning	Pinning Define			
1	VDD			
2	GND			
3	VOUT			
4	VBIAS			

Figure 1. Definition of sensitivity direction

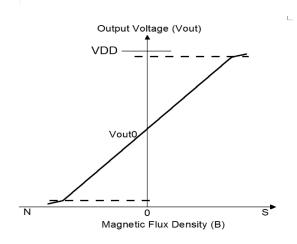
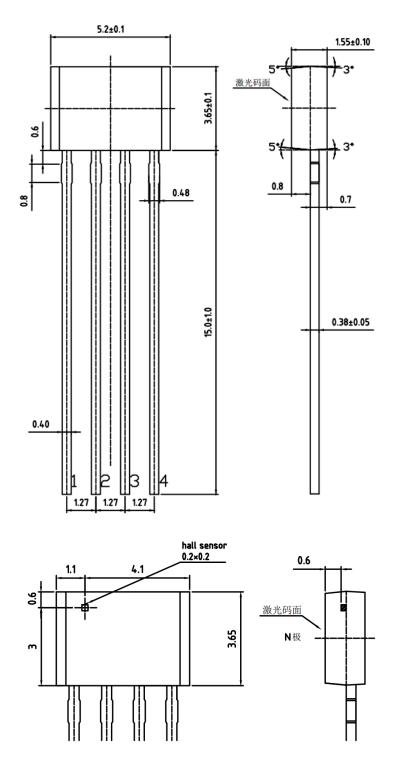


Figure 2. Output Characteristics of GS302

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# **Dimensional Drawing (Unit MM)**



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# **Absolute Maximum Rating**

Table 1 . GS302 Working conditions

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$\mathbf{V}_{DD}$	<b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	-0.3		6.5	٧
Output Current	lout	<b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	-45		45	mA
Analog output	Vout /Vbias	<b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = 25°C	0.4	ĵ,	<b>V</b> <sub>DD</sub> -0.4	V
Storage Temp.	Ts		-40		150	°C
Operation Temp.	Ta	X	-40		125	°C



# **Operation Conditions**

Table 2. Electric and magnetic characteristics Ta=-40 to 85°C

Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	Ta = 25°C	3		5.5	V
Current Consumption		In Programming @ Ta = 25°C			33	mA
Current Consumption	ls	In normal operation @Ta=25°C		6.5	11	mA
Sensitivity Range	$V_{hrange}$	Ta = 25°C	0.5		200	mV/mT
Response Time	Tr	C=20pF Vh=100 mV/mT @ Ta = 25°C	~		6	μs
Signal bandwidth	Bw			250	500	KHz
Load Capacitance	CL	Ta = 25°C		20p	10n	F
Quiescent Voltage of	14/2	M1	-0.01		0.01	>
Differential Output at  Ta 25°C	V <sub>0</sub> -V <sub>bias</sub>	M2	-0.005		0.005	٧
Quiescent Voltage of		M1	-0.02		0.02	٧
Differential Output In -40°C~85°C	V <sub>0</sub> -V <sub>bias</sub>	M2	-0.01		0.01	V

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Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
Quiescent Voltage	M1	2.490		2.510	V	
(fixed output)  Ta=25°C	(fixed output) V <sub>0</sub> Ta=25°C	M2	1.640		1.660	V
Quiescent Voltage		M1	2.480		2.520	V
(fixed output) In -40°C~85°C	V <sub>0</sub>	M2	1.635		1.665	V
Sensitivity drift through temperature ( fixed output)  ΔS/S(25°C)	M1 In -40°C~25°C	-1.5		1.5	%	
	M1 In 25°C~85°C	-1.5		1.5	%	
	<u>ДЭ/Э(23 С)</u>	M2 In -40°C~25°C	-1.5		1.5	%
		M2 In 25°C~85°C	-1.5		1.5	%
Output Saturation	V <sub>out</sub> -SatH		V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5			V

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Characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
Voltage	V <sub>out-SatL</sub>				0.5	V
Error of sensitivity  (ratio metric output)  In -40°C~85°C	Serro	<b>V</b> <sub>DD</sub> in range 4.75∼5.25V	-0.4		0.4	%
Error of Quiescent  Voltage (ratio metric output) In -40°C~85°C	V <sub>0erro</sub>	<b>V</b> <sub>DD</sub> in range 4.75∼5.25V	-0.3		0.3	%
Linearity Error	ρ	$V_{DD}$ =5V , $V_0$ =2.500V , $V_{out}$ =2.500±2.000V@±20mT	-0.5		0.5	%

#### Note:

Fixed output Mode:

M1 :  $V_{\text{DD}}$ =5V ,  $V_0$ =2.500V or  $V_{\text{bias}}$  ,  $V_{\text{out}}$  =  $V_0$ ±2.000V@±20mT , sensitivity : 100 mV/mT ;

M2 :  $V_{\text{DD}}$ =3.3V ,  $V_0$ =1.650V or  $V_{\text{bias}}$  ,  $V_{\text{out}}$  =  $V_0$ ±1.000V@±20mT , sensitivity : 50 mV/mT ;



### **Characteristics Definitions**

#### Sensitivity V<sub>hrange</sub> [mv/mT].

Sensitivity is defined as the slope of the approximate straight line calculated by the least square method, using data of OUT voltage (Vout) when the magnetic flux density (B) is swept within the range of input magnetic flux density (Bin).

#### 2. Linearity Error ρ [%F.S.].

Linearity error is defined as the ratio of the maximum perpendicular deviation (MPD) to the full scale (F.S.), where MFD is the maximum difference between the OUT voltage (Vout) and the approximate straight line calculated in the sensitivity definition. Definition formula is shown in below:

$$\rho = 100 * \frac{MFD}{F.S.} = 100 * \frac{MFD}{V_H - V_L}$$
Approximate straight line by least square method

MFD

Maximum
Perpendicular
Deviation

F.S.
$$= V_H - V_L$$

Figure 3. Output characteristics of GS302

Ratiometric output error of sensitivity V<sub>0erro</sub> [%] and rationmetric output error of Quiescent voltage S<sub>erro</sub>
 [%].

The quiescent voltage (V<sub>out0</sub>) of the GS302 is constant, which means that it does not vary with the VDD. Error of Quiescent Voltage is defined as the difference between the Vh (or V<sub>out0</sub>) when the VDD is changed from 5.0v to VDD<sub>1</sub> (4.75v<VDD<sub>1</sub><5.25v or 4.5v<VDD<sub>1</sub><5.5v). Definition formula is shown



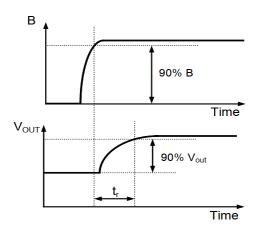
in blow:

$$S_{erro} = \left[ \frac{Vout(VDD)}{Vout(5v)} - \frac{VDD}{5} \right] * 100$$

$$V_{0erro} = \left[ \frac{V_0(VDD)}{V_0(5v)} - \frac{VDD}{5} \right] * 100$$

#### Rise response time $T_r [\mu s]$ .

Rise response time is defined as the time delay from the 90% of input magnetic field (B) to the 90% of the OUT voltage (Vout) under the pulse input of magnetic flux density.



Rise response time (T<sub>r</sub>)

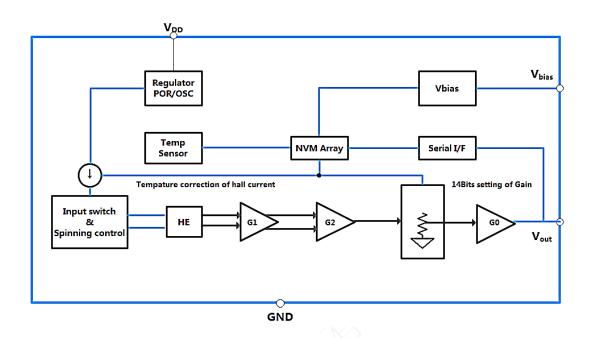
Figure 4. Definition of response time

#### Output Saturation Voltage $V_{\text{out-SatH}}$ and $V_{\text{out-SatL}}$ .

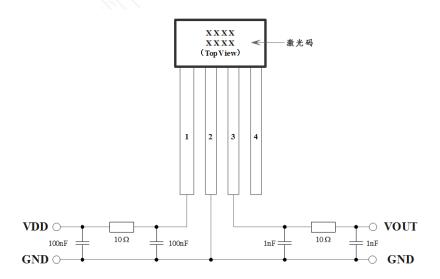
Output saturation voltage is defined as the saturated output at a fixed output current.  $V_{\text{out-SatH}}$  is defined as the chip's output voltage when the output current is -2 or 0.5mA in the positive magnetic field, and  $V_{\text{out-SatL}}$  is the chip's output voltage when the output current is -2 or 0.5mA in the negative magnetic field.



### **Function Block Diagram**



# **Application Circuits**



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